# SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

S. 82-93

#### MEMORANDUM

SENATE	From. SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIES
PHILOSOPHY - PROPOSED NEW COURSES - Subject PHIL 244-3 - INTRODUCTION TO PHILOSOPHY OF NATURAL AND SOCIAL	Date. September 15, 1982

SCIENCE; PHIL 325-3 - PHILOSOPHY OF ART II.

Action undertaken by the Senate Committee on Undergraduate Studies at its meeting of September 14, 1982 gives rise to the following motion:-

#### MOTION:

"That Senate approve and recommend approval to the Board of Governors, as set forth in 5.82-93, the proposed new courses -

PHIL 244-3 - Introduction to Philosophy of Natural and Social Science

PHIL 325-3 - Philosophy of Art II

with deletion of PHIL 140-3 - The Nature of Science."

Subject to approval of these courses by Senate and the Board of Governors, the Senate Committee on Undergraduate Studies approved waiver of the two semester time lag requirement in order that PHIL 244-3 and PHIL 325-3 may be first offered in Spring 1983-1.

## SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

#### MEMORANDUM

Chairman, Faculty of Arts Undergraduat	e from D. Copp, Chairman, Undergraduate
Curriculum Committee	Studies Committee, Philosophy
CALENDAR CHANGES:	,
Subject DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY	Date April 28, 1982
	OFFIRE OF THE

MAY 26 1982

#### [1] DELETION OF:

PHIL 140-3 The Nature of Science

**FACULTY OF ARTS** 

A general examination of how historians, scientists, sociologists, and philosophers answer the question: What is Science? Historical and contemporary examples of scientific discovery will be used to illustrate the different approaches. (Lecture/Tutorial) Open to all students.

Students with credit for G.S. 104, "The Scientific Ethos" may not take PHIL 140 for further credit.

#### ADDITION OF:

PHIL 244-3 Introduction to Philosophy of Natural and Social Science

An introduction to philosophical issues concerning the nature of science. Topics to be discussed include the distinction between science and pseudo-science, the nature of the scientific method, the nature of explanation in the natural and social sciences, the phenomenon of scientific change, the relationship between scientific theory and observation, and the objectivity of social science. This course is intended for students in the natural and social sciences.

#### RATIONALE:

PHIL 140 was intended as a service course for students in other disciplines, but it was not particularly designed for science students, and it has had small enrollments. We hope that the new course, PHIL 244, will appeal to students in the natural and social sciences. It has been designed with them in mind.

The new course will be sufficiently different from PHIL 140 that we do not need to prevent students from taking it who have taken PHIL 140. The new course is at the second year level in the hope that enrollees will have had more background in their home discipline than might be the case were it at the first year level.

## SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIES

## NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM

i.	Lalendar Information	Department: Philosophy
	Abbreviation Code: PHIL	Course Number: 244 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: 2-1-0
	Calendar Description of nature of science. Topics pseudo-science, the nature natural and social science	duction to Philosophy of Natural and Social Science  Course: An introduction to philosophical issues concerning the s to be discussed include the distinction between science and e of the scientific method, the nature of explanation in the es, the phenomenon of scientific change, the relationship between ervation, and the objectivity of social science.
	Nature of Course Introduc	ctory course intended for students in the natural and social
	Prerequisites (or specia	l instructions): sciences.
	This course is intended for	or students in the natural and social sciences.
		f any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is
	approved: PHIL 140-3.	The Nature of Science.
2.	Scheduling	
	•	course be offered? Annually
	•	urse will first be offered? 83-1
	· -	artz, Hanson, Bradley, Davis, Zimmerman
3.	Objectives of the Course	
		o introduce students interested in the natural and social sciences oncerning the nature of science.
4.	Budgetary and Space Requ	irements (for information only)
	What additional resource	s will be required in the following areas:
	Faculty None	
	Staff None	
	l.ibrary None	•
	Audio Visual None	
	Space None	
	Equipment None	
5.	Date: 6 May 82	16 August 82 Str Blackman
	Department Chairm	Dean Chairman, SCUS
_		

Attach course outline).

#### PHILOSOPHY OF THE NATURAL AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

#### PHILOSOPHY 244

#### TOPIC

 Fact-gathering and 'Naive' Inductivism READINGS

Bacon; Hume; Mill

2. Critique of Naive Inductivism; Method of Conjectures; Hypothetical-Deductive Model Popper on Conjectures; Hempel on Semmelweiss; Hempel on H-D

3. Is there a Logic of Discovery?

N.R. Hanson

 Observational facts / Theoretical (hypothetical) facts Mach; Logical positivists;
G. Maxwell

5. What makes an hypothesis (or theory) 'scientific'? Popper on falsifiability; Chalmers on falsifiability

'Fitting the facts' vs 'explaining the facts' The Velikovsky affair

6. Are theories unfalsifiable paradigms?

Kuhn

7. Experimentation vs. field study (Inability to 'control' or manipulate the variables in social research)

the design of so-called 'ex post facto' research

8. The problem of the non-recurring case in explaining social phenomena

Collingwood; Scriven; etc.

9. Is there a special faculty required for understanding human actions (sociology, economics, criminology, etc.)? Abel, E. Nagel, etc. on "Verstehen"

10. Laws of individual behavior vs. laws of group behavior; methodological reductionism; Emergence. Are the laws of group behavior 'ultimately reducible' to those of chemistry and physics?

Meehl and others; E. Nagel

11. Reflexive (self-fulfulling and self frustrating) predictions in social contexts Merton; Buck; Grunbaum

12. Can social science be value-free? Should it be? L. Strauss; E. Nagel; Rudner

STRICE OF THE DEAN

JUL 22 inc.

VACULTY OF ARTS

# SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIES

## NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM

							<b>9</b> .	
1.	Calendar Information			Depart	ment:_P	hilosophy		_
•	Abbreviation Code: PHIL	Course Husher:_	325	_ Credit H	lours:	3 Vecto	r: <u>3-0-0</u>	
	little of Course: Philosoph	y of Art II			•			
Calendar Description of Course:							Daves 14.	
An advanced study of various topics in aesthetics, e.g. For and Expressionism in the Arts, the Nature of Aesthetic Judgement and Criticism, Mean and Truth in the Arts, Art and Society, and Creativity.								) III
	Nature of Course An advan	ced course in aes	sthetics	3.				
	Prerequisites (or special	instructions):						•
	Phil 242: Philosophy of Art	or permission of	f the ir	structor.	•			
	What course (courses), if approved:	any, is being dr	opped f	ron the ca	alender	if this c	Ourse is	•
2.	Scheduling	•						
	How frequently will the co	ourse be offered?	Once :	in six sem	esters.			
	Sumester in which the course will first be offered? 83-1							
	Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible? Professors Todd and Hanson							
3.	Rationale for Supportion Course							
`	The department has lacked a	an advanced cours	e in ph	ilosophy o	f the a	rts.		
4.	Budgetary and Space Requir							
	What additional resources	will be tednited	In the	toliomid	g areas	•		
	Faculty None							
	Staff None							
	l.ibrary None	•						
	Audio Visual None							
	Space None							
	Equipment None				•		•	
5.	Approval  Date: 6 May 82	16 %	sust,	82			•	
	1 5	01000	0		4-12-			
	Department Chairman	- Xuax	Dean	<b>~</b>		Charman	, SCUS	1
—-,				-				-

SCOS 73-34b:- (When completing this form, for instructions see Memorandum SCUS 73-34a. Attach course outline).

Jc. 173

#### PHILOSOPHY 325-3

#### PHILOSOPHY OF THE ARTS

Semester

D.D. Todd

# The Nature of Aesthetic Experience and Judgment

Although discussions of beauty and other aesthetic qualities are found in philosophical literature as far back as the history of philosophy goes, until around the 18th Century such discussions were always linked with other, more urgent, concerns in epistemology and metaphysics, or with ethical and social values. Aesthetic issues were strictly of secondary importance. But early in the 18th Century aesthetics as a distinctive study began to take shape, first in the writings of Francis Hutcheson and David Hume, whose primary interest was in the standards and logic of judgement of taste. Kant, late in the 18th Century, came to regard aesthetic experience as a crucial component in human experience generally, and thus was pushed into regarding an account of aesthetic judgement as essential to any general theory of judgement. He came to see aesthetic judgement as being neither theoretical (scientific) nor practical (moral) but, curiously, as purely subjective but nevertheless commanding universal assent because of the common nature of human subjectivity.

Kant's aesthetic theories have had an enormous impact on the history of aesthetics in such later philosophers as Schiller, Schopenhauer, Hegel, Nietzsche, and their many progeny. Recently, among Anglo-American analytic aestheticians, there has been a strong revival of interest in Kant's aesthetics in connection with topics in the philosophy of mind such as the unconscious, the imagination, representation, intention etc. This course will consist entirely of an intensive study of Kant's The Critique of Judgement, the fount of so much of the important work in aesthetics since it was originally published.

Although only PHIL 242 is a formal prerequisite for this course, students who have had PHIL 151 or PHIL 452, or PHIL 120 will probably find that those courses will have been of some help in preparing them for this course.

#### COURSE WORK:

Three short term papers each worth 25% of the final mark, and a final exam.

#### REQUIRED TEXT:

Kant: The Critique of Judgement